Reportable Diseases, MN Rule 4605.7040

Diseases Reportable to the Minnesota Department of Health

651-201-5414 or 1-877-676-5414

24 hours a day, 7 days a week

Listeriosis (Listeria monocytogenes)

REPORT IMMEDIATELY BY TELEPHONE

Anthrax (Bacillus anthracis) Botulism (Clostridium botulinum) Brucellosis (Brucella spp.) Cholera (Vibrio cholerae) Diphtheria (Corynebacterium diphtheriae) Free-living amebic infection (including at least: Acanthamoeba spp., Naegleria fowleri, Balamuthia spp., Sappinia spp.) Hemolytic uremic syndrome Measles (rubeola) Meningococcal disease (Neisseria meningitidis) (invasive) Orthopox virus Plague (*Yersinia pestis*) Poliomyelitis Q fever (*Coxiella burnetii*) Rabies (animal and human cases and suspected cases) Rubella and congenital rubella syndrome Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) Smallpox (variola) Tularemia (*Francisella tularensis*) Unusual or increased case incidence of any suspect infectious illness Viral hemorrhagic fever (including but not limited to Ebola virus disease and Lassa fever)

REPORT WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY

Amebiasis (Entamoeba histolytica/dispar) Anaplasmosis (Anaplasma phagocytophilum) Arboviral disease (including, but not limited to, La Crosse encephalitis, eastern equine encephalitis, western equine encephalitis, St. Louis encephalitis, West Nile virus disease, Powassan virus disease, and Jamestown Canyon virus disease) Babesiosis (Babesia spp.) Blastomycosis (Blastomyces dermatitidis) Campylobacteriosis (Campylobacter spp.) Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) Cat scratch disease (infection caused by Bartonella species) Chancroid (Haemophilus ducreyi) Chikungunya virus disease Chlamydia trachomatis infections Coccidioidomycosis Cronobacter sakazakii in infants under one year of age Cryptosporidiosis (Cryptosporidium spp.) Cyclosporiasis (Cyclospora spp.) Dengue virus infection Diphyllobothrium latum infection Ehrlichiosis (Ehrlichia spp.) Encephalitis (caused by viral agents) Enteric Escherichia coli infection (E. coli O157:H7, other Shiga toxin-producing E. coli, enterohemorrhagic E. coli, enteropathogenic E. coli, enteroinvasive E. coli, enteroaggregative E. coli, enterotoxigenic E. coli, or other pathogenic E. coli) Giardiasis (Giardia intestinalis) Gonorrhea (Neisseria gonorrhoeae infections) Haemophilus influenzae disease (all invasive disease) Hantavirus infection Hepatitis (all primary viral types including A, B, C, D, and E) 📢 Histoplasmosis (Histoplasma capsulatum) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection, including Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) 📢 Influenza 🚺 (unusual case incidence, critical illness, or laboratory-confirmed cases) Kawasaki disease Kingella spp. (invasive only) Legionellosis (Legionella spp.) Leprosy (Hansen's disease) (Mycobacterium leprae) Leptospirosis (Leptospira interrogans)

Lyme disease (Borrelia burgdorferi, and other Borrelia spp.) Malaria (Plasmodium spp.) Meningitis (caused by viral agents) Mumps 们 Neonatal sepsis (bacteria isolated from a sterile site, excluding coagulase-negative Staphylococcus) less than seven days after birth Pertussis (Bordetella pertussis) Psittacosis (Chlamydophila psittaci) **Retrovirus infections** Salmonellosis, including typhoid (Salmonella spp.) Shigellosis (Shigella spp.) Spotted fever rickettsiosis (*Rickettsia* spp. infections, including Rocky Mountain spotted fever) Staphylococcus aureus (only vancomycin-intermediate Staphylococcus aureus [VISA], vancomycinresistant Staphylococcus aureus [VRSA], and death or critical illness due to community-associated *Staphylococcus aureus* in a previously healthy individual) Streptococcal disease - invasive disease caused by Groups A and B streptococci and S. pneumoniae Streptococcal disease - non-invasive S. pneumoniae (urine antigen laboratory-confirmed pneumonia) Syphilis (Treponema pallidum) 📢 Tetanus (Clostridium tetani) Toxic shock syndrome 🕕 Toxoplasmosis (Toxoplasma gondii) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathy Trichinosis (Trichinella spiralis) Tuberculosis (Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex) (pulmonary or extrapulmonary sites of disease, including clinically diagnosed disease). Latent tuberculosis infection is not reportable. Typhus (*Rickettsia* spp.) Unexplained deaths and unexplained critical illness (possibly due to infectious cause) Varicella (chickenpox) Vibrio spp. Yellow fever Yersiniosis, enteric (Yersinia spp.) Zika virus disease 👔 Zoster (shingles)

(all cases <18 years old; unusual case incidence/complications regardless of age)

SENTINEL SURVEILLANCE*

*Diseases reportable through sentinel surveillance are reportable based on the residence of the patient or the specific health care facility. Sentinel surveillance is not statewide reporting.

Staphylococcus aureus 👔 💿 Candidemia (Candida spp.) (blood isolates only) 👔 💿 Carbapenem-resistant Acinetobacter spp. (CRA), and Pseudomonas aeruginosa (CR-PA) 🚺 Clostridium difficile 🕕 Severe Acute Respiratory Illness 🕕 Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)

MDH Minnesota Department *of* Health

Infectious Disease Epidemiology, Prevention and Control Phone: 651-201-5414 or 1-877-676-5414 | Fax: 651-201-5743 www.health.state.mn.us/diseasereport ID# 53119

FOOTNOTES

Submission of clinical materials required. Submit isolates or, if an isolate is not available, submit material containing the infectious agent in the following order of preference: a patient specimen; nucleic acid; or other laboratory material. Call the MDH Public Health Laboratory at 651-201-4953 for instructions.

Invasive disease only: isolated from a normally sterile site, e.g.: blood, CSF, joint fluid, etc.

In the event of SARS or another severe respiratory outbreak, also report cases of health care workers hospitalized for pneumonia or acute respiratory distress syndrome.

Also report a pregnancy in a person with Zika; or a person chronically infected with hepatitis B, HIV, or syphilis.

TO REPORT

- For diseases that require immediate reporting call: 651-201-5414 or 1-877-676-5414.
- Report forms can be downloaded at: <u>http://www.health.state.mn.us/diseasereport</u>